

CLOSE-TO-OPTIMAL PLACEMENT AND ROUTING FOR CONTINUOUS-FLOW MICROFLUIDIC BIOCHIPS



Andreas Grimmer¹, Qin Wang², Hailong Yao², Tsung-Yi Ho³, Robert Wille¹

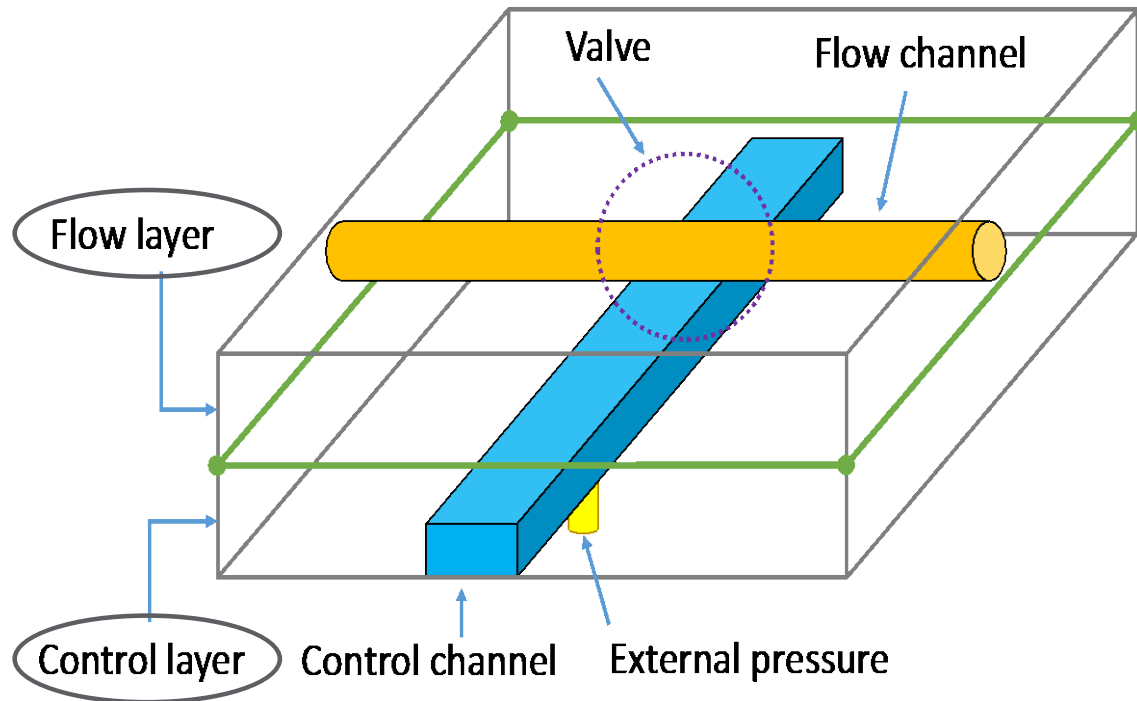
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² Tsinghua University, Beijing, China

³ National Tsing Hua University, Taiwan

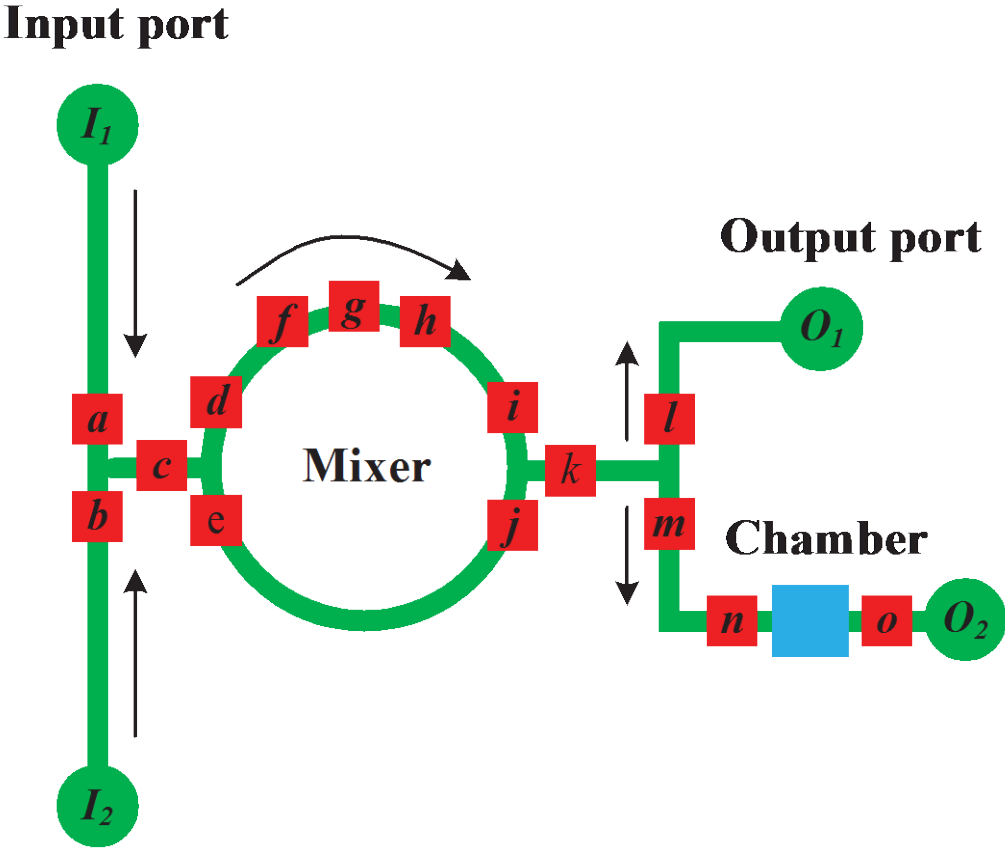
Contact: andreas.grimmer@jku.at

CONTINUOUS-FLOW MICROFLUIDIC BIOCHIP



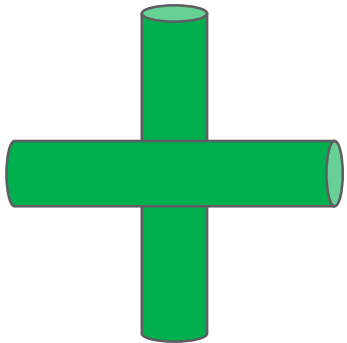
- Two-layer: control- and flow-layer
- Thousands of valves

MIXER COMPONENT

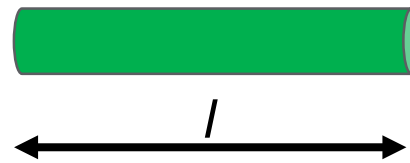


PHYSICAL DESIGN

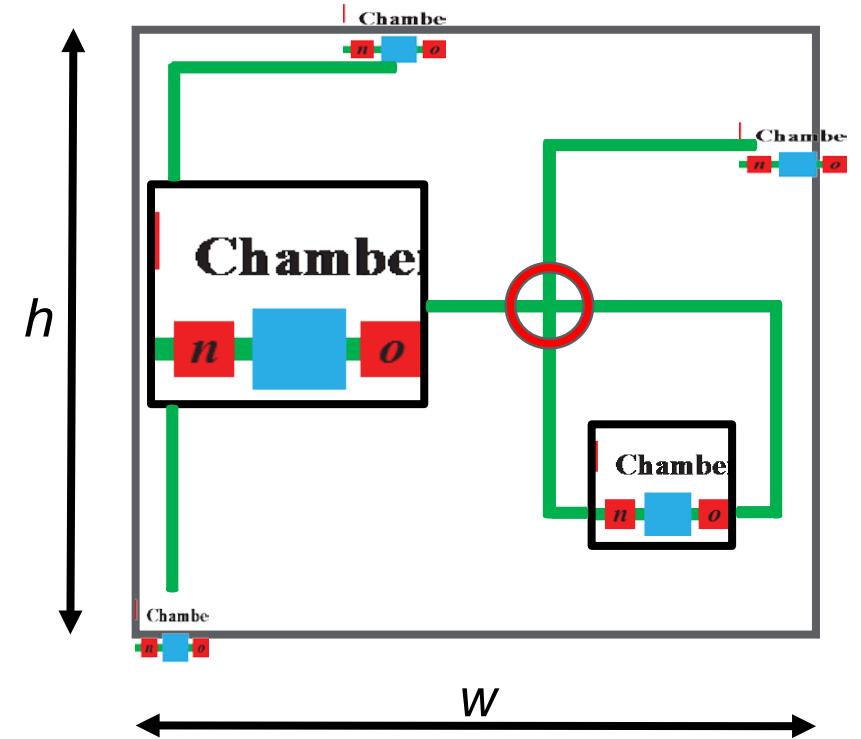
- Place components
- Route flow channels
- Quality of design:



Flow channel intersections



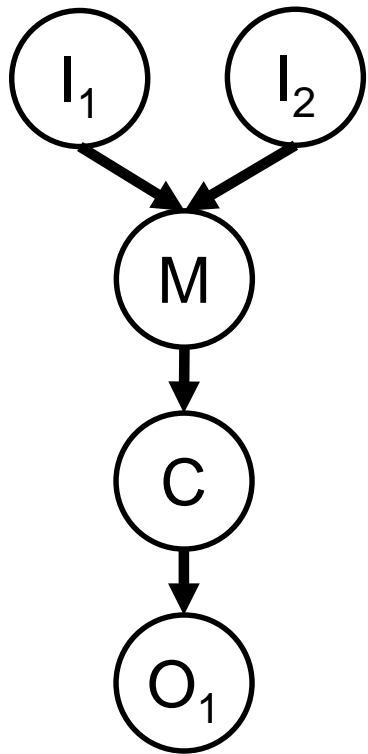
Overall flow channel length



Flow layer size

PHYSICAL DESIGN

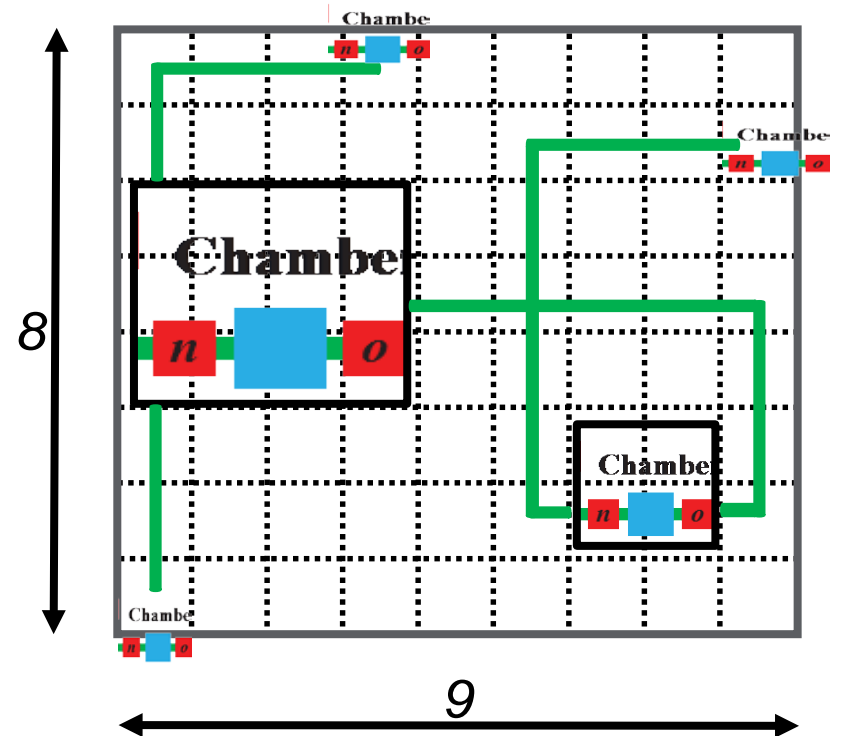
Input



Grid
9 x 8 cells

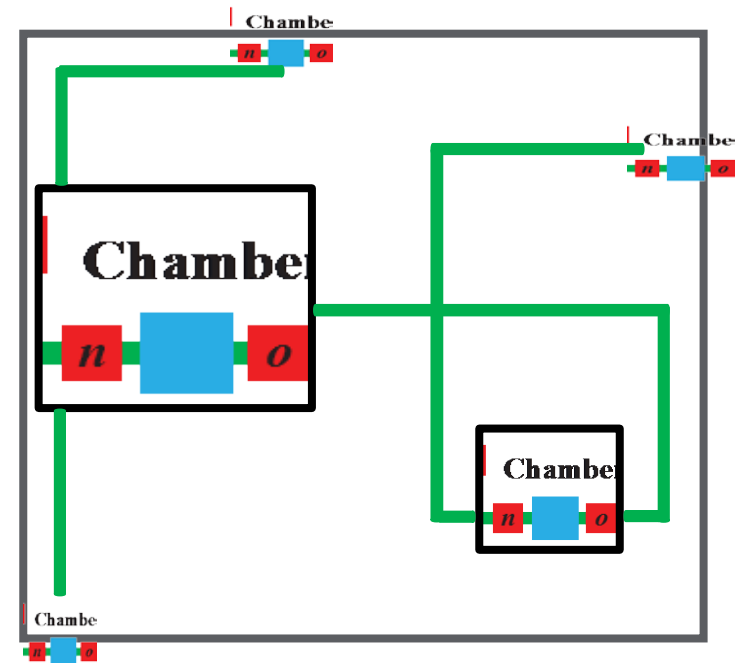
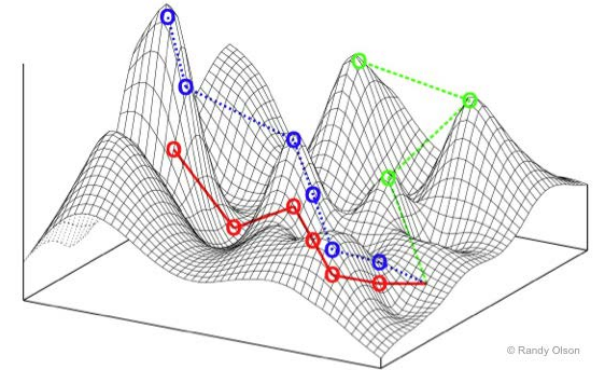
Resource	Area
Mixer	4 x 3
Chamber	2 x 2

Grid



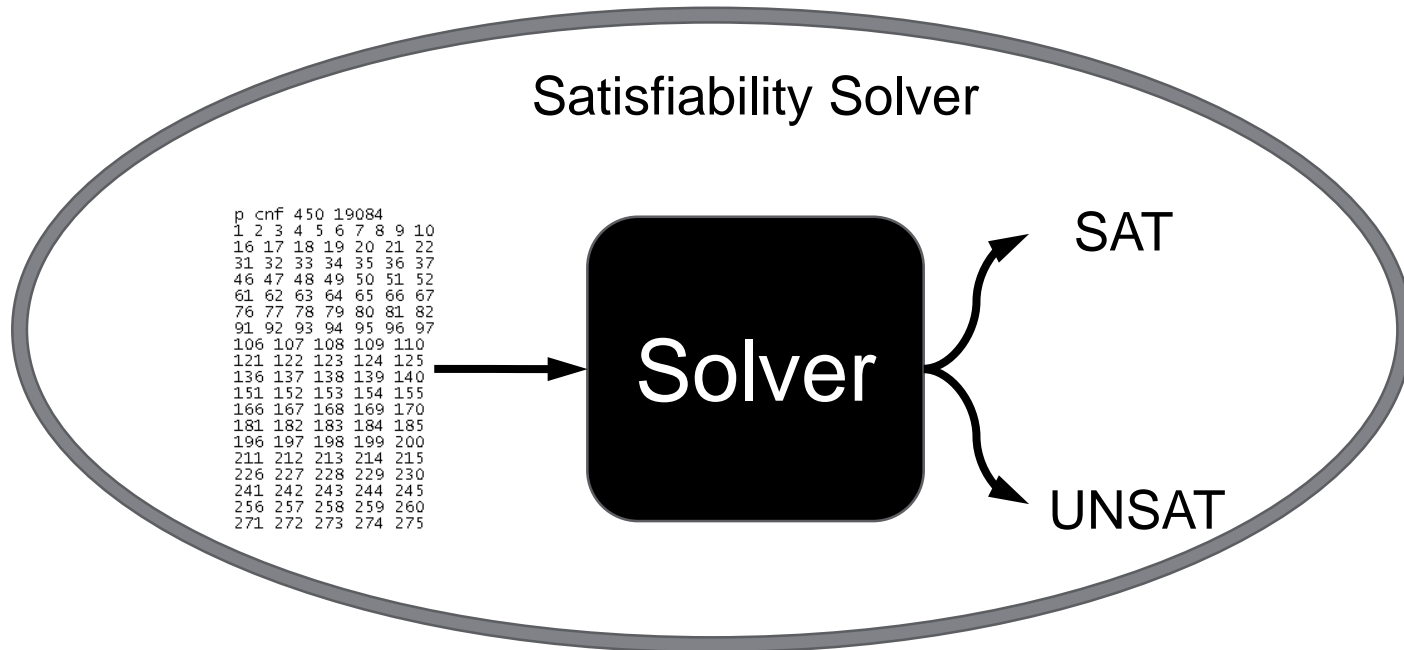
MOTIVATION

- Existing methods for physical design
 - rely on heuristics
 - 2 independent steps:
placement
routing
- Cannot guarantee quality criteria
- Far from being optimal



APPROACH

- Consider placement and routing in **single** step (P&R)
→ Enormous search space



Search Space Pruning



SYMBOLIC FORMULATION FOR P&R

■ Grid: $1 \leq x \leq w$ and $1 \leq y \leq h$

■ $V = \{Mixer, Chamber, I_1, I_2, O_1\}$

■ For each component $v \in V$:

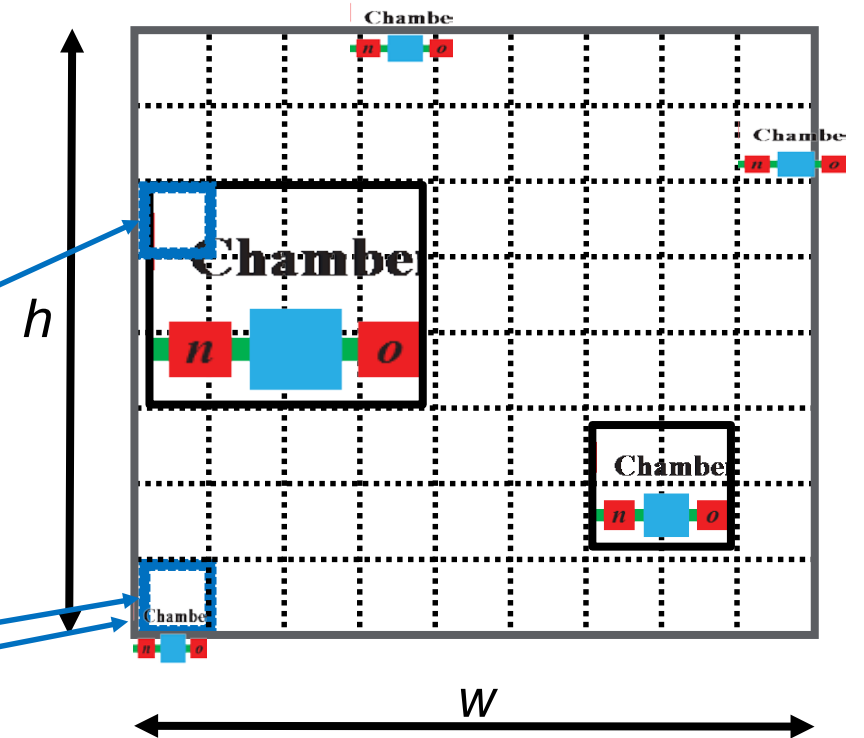
$$vp_{(x,y),v}$$

■ Example:

$$vp_{(1,6),Mixer} = 1$$

$$vp_{(1,1),Mixer} = 0$$

$$vp_{(1,1),I_2} = 1$$



SYMBOLIC FORMULATION FOR P&R

■ $E = \{(I_1, Mixer), (I_2, Mixer), (Mixer, Chamber), (Chamber, O_1)\}$

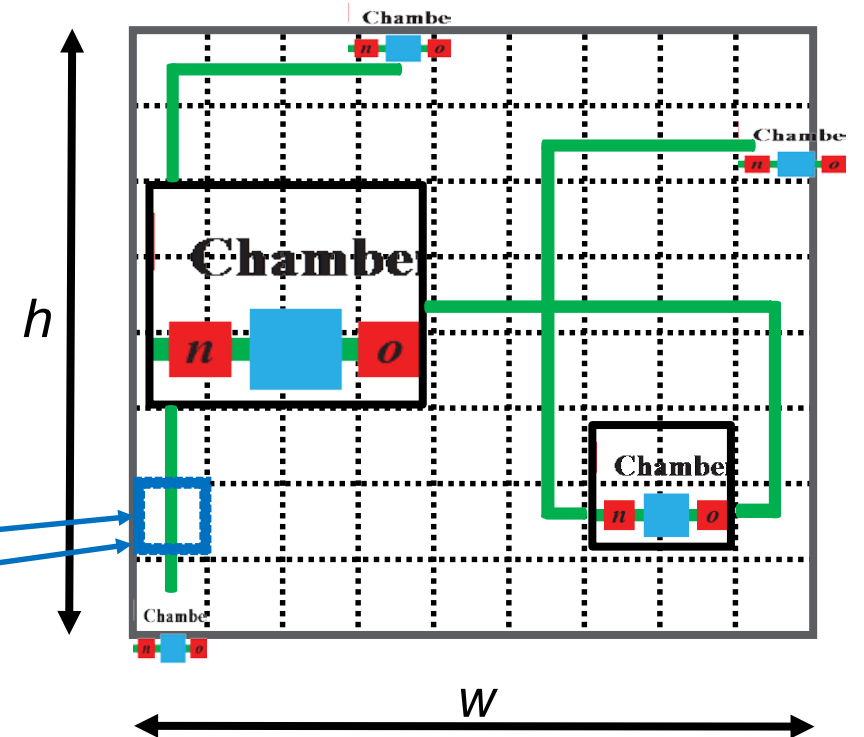
■ For each channel $(u, v) \in E$:

$$ep_{(x,y),(u,v)}$$

■ Example:

$$ep_{(1,2),(I_2, Mixer)} = 1$$

$$ep_{(1,2),(I_1, Mixer)} = 0$$



CONSTRAINTS FOR P&R

Grid cell can be occupied by

- at most one component

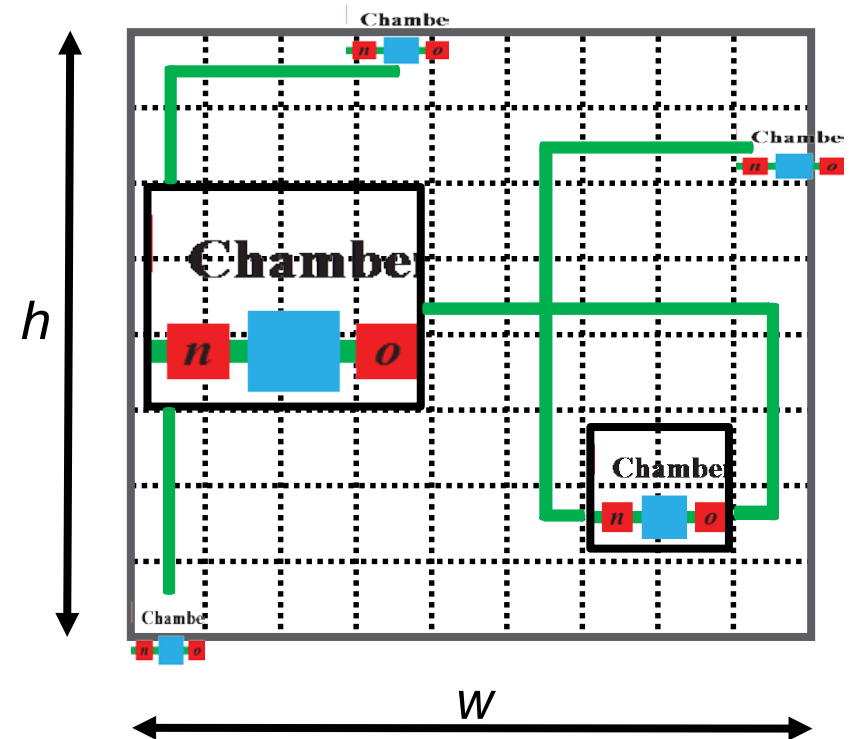
$$\bigwedge_{\substack{1 \leq x \leq w \\ 1 \leq y \leq h}} \left(\sum_{v \in V} v p_{(x,y),v} \leq 1 \right)$$

- at most two channels

$$\bigwedge_{\substack{1 \leq x \leq w \\ 1 \leq y \leq h}} \left(\sum_{(u,v) \in E} e p_{(x,y),(u,v)} \leq 2 \right)$$

- a component or a channel

$$\bigwedge_{\substack{1 \leq x \leq w \\ 1 \leq y \leq h}} \neg \left(\sum_{v \in V} v p_{(x,y),v} > 0 \wedge \sum_{(u,v) \in E} e p_{(x,y),(u,v)} > 0 \right)$$



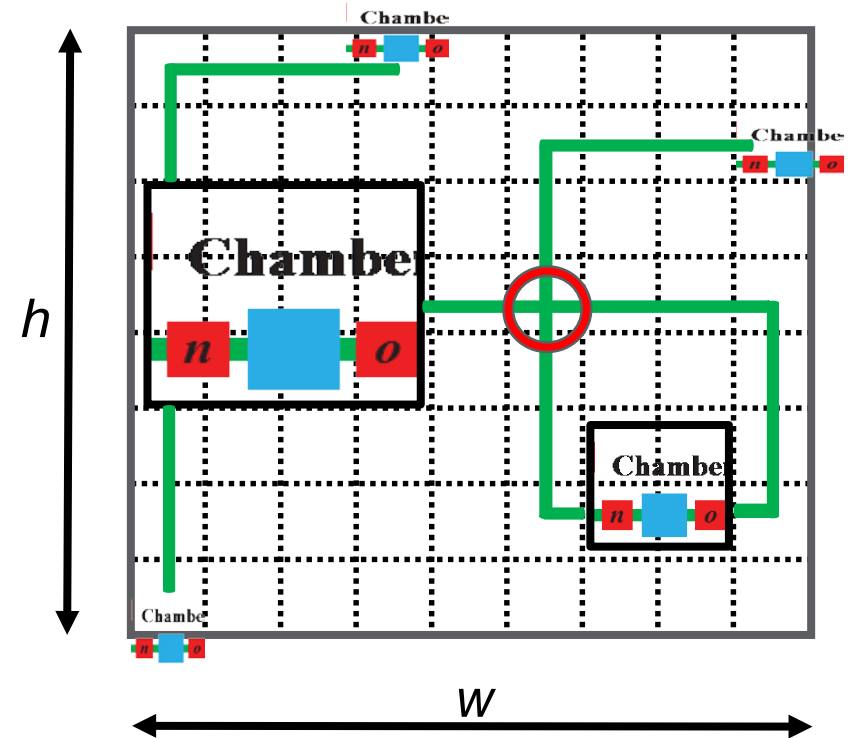
CONSTRAINTS FOR P&R

- Constraints for placing components
- Constraints for routing channels
- Enforcing the **designer's** constraints:
 - Maximal channel intersections:

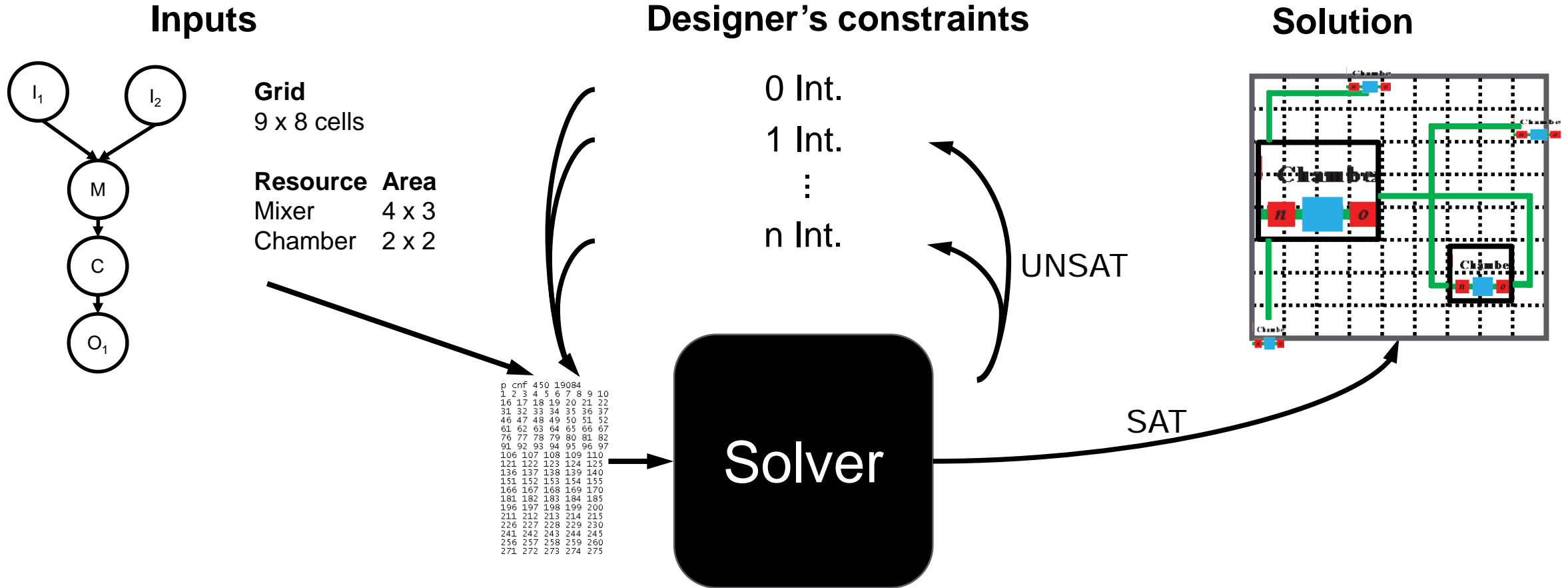
$$\sum_{\substack{1 \leq x \leq w \\ 1 \leq y \leq h}} \left(\sum_{(u,v) \in E} ep_{(x,y),(u,v)=2} \right) \leq \text{maxIntersections}.$$

- Maximal channel length:

$$\sum_{\substack{1 \leq x \leq w \\ 1 \leq y \leq h}} \left(\sum_{(u,v) \in E} ep_{(x,y),(u,v)} \right) \leq \text{maxLength}$$

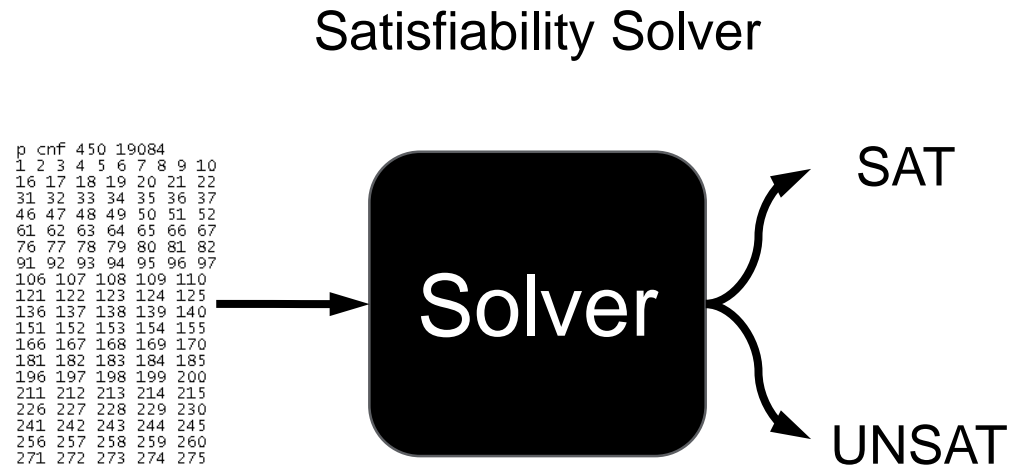


SAT-PROCEDURE FOR OPTIMAL P&R

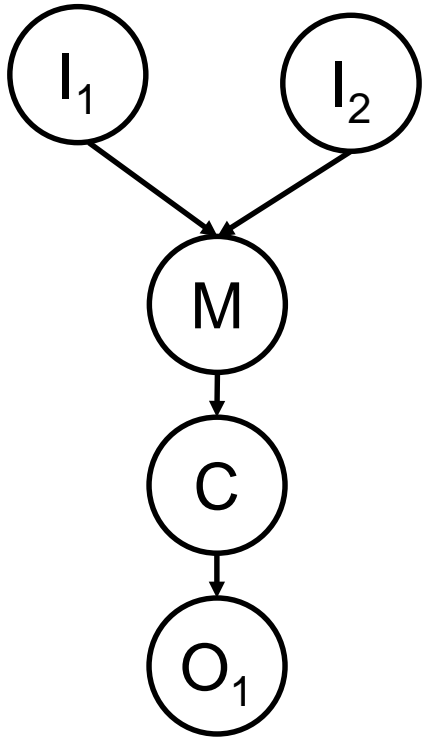


APPROACH

- Consider placement and routing in **single** step (P&R)
→ Enormous search space

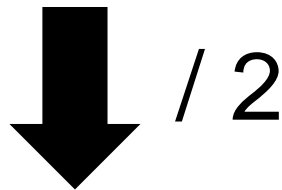


DOWNSCALING



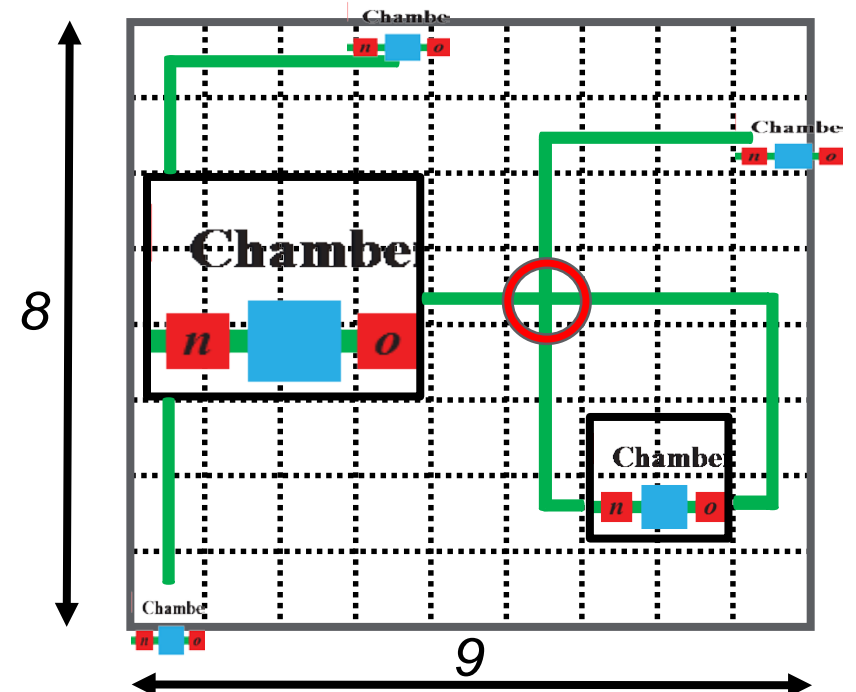
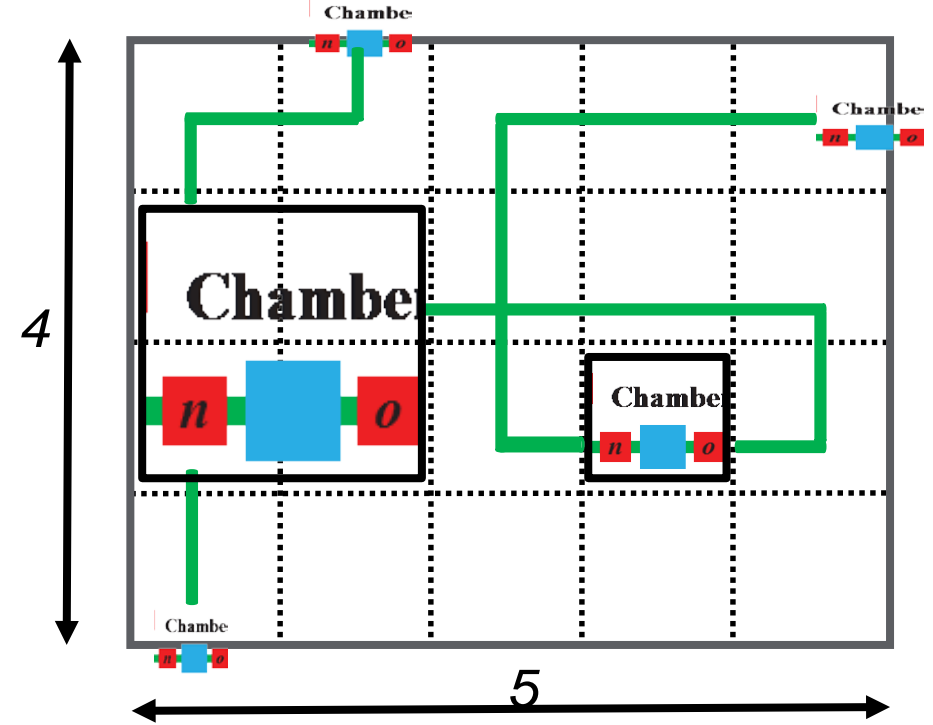
Grid
9 x 8 cells

Resource
Mixer 4 x 3
Chamber 2 x 2

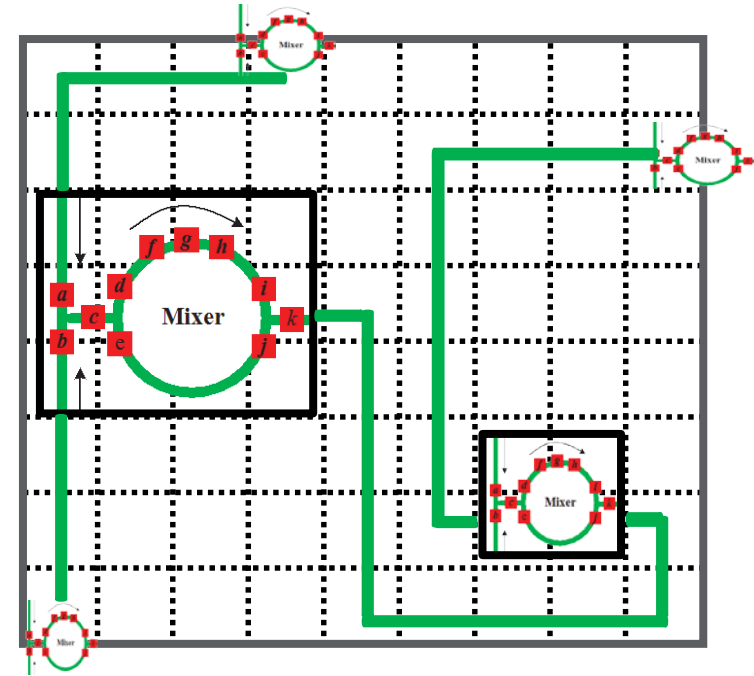
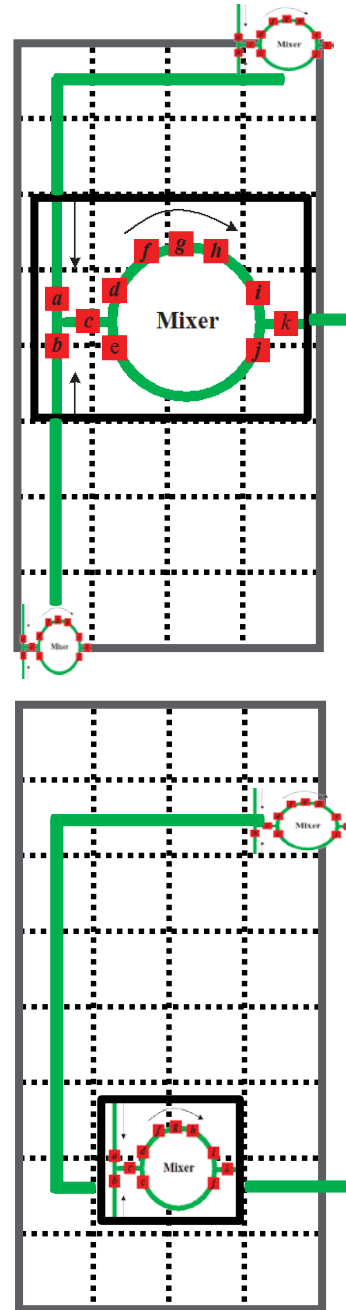
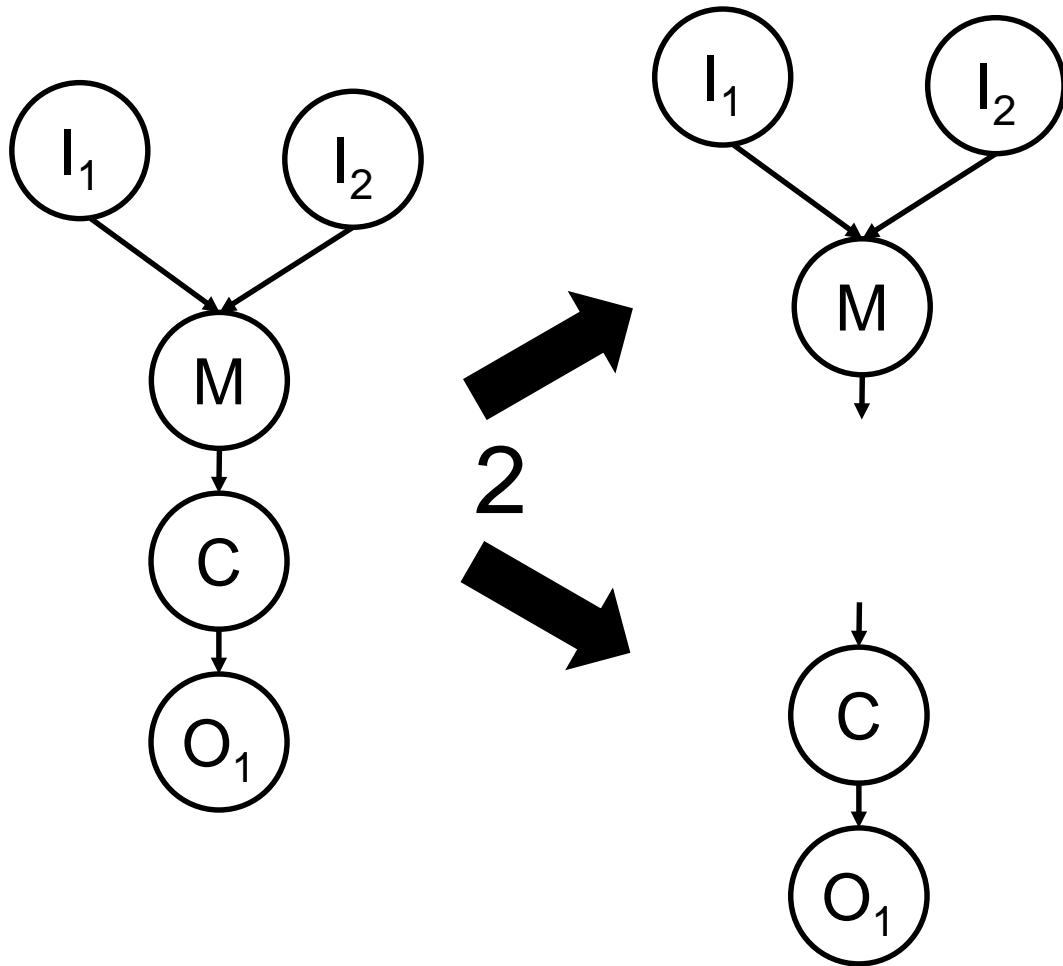


Grid
5 x 4 cells

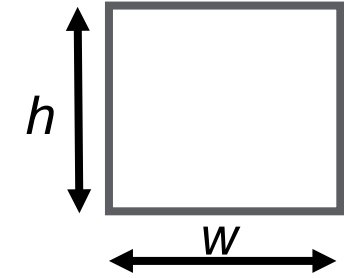
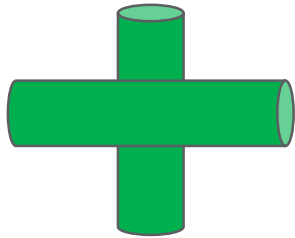
Resource
Mixer 2 x 2
Chamber 1 x 1



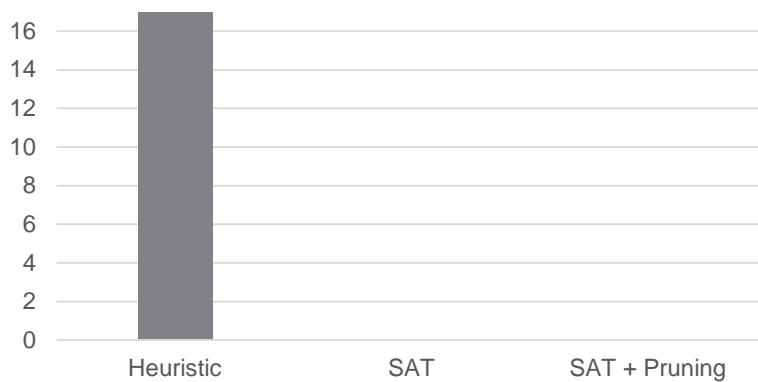
PARTITIONING



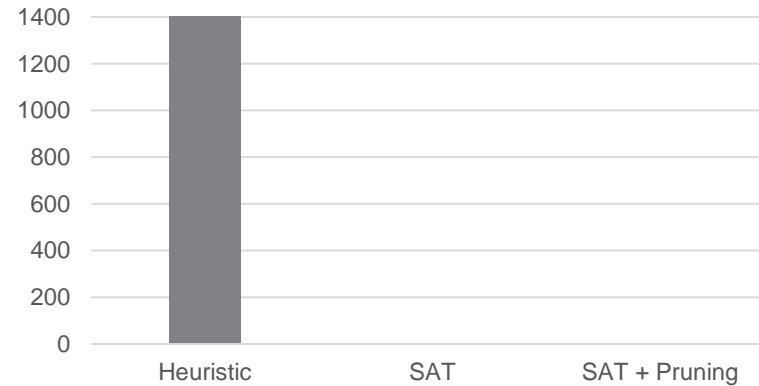
EVALUTATION - SMALL BENCHMARK



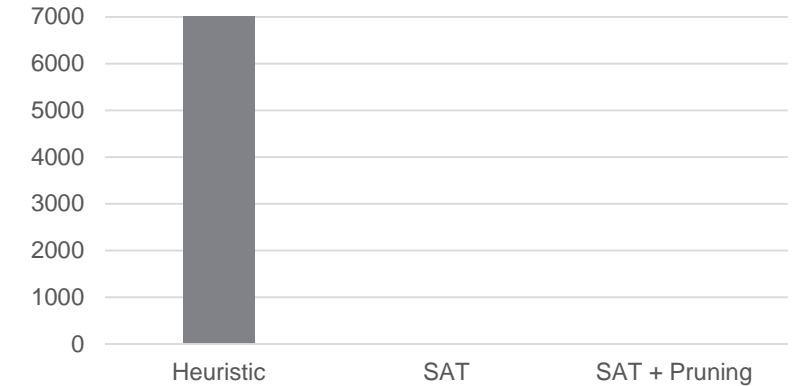
Channel Intersections



Channel Length

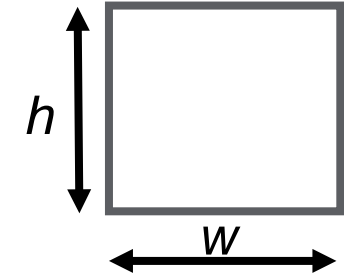
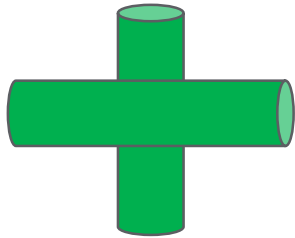


Grid Size

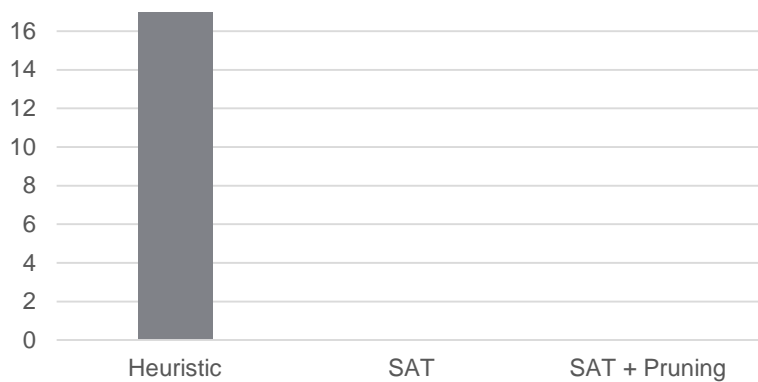


Heuristic: Q. Wang, Y. Ru, H. Yao, T.-Y. Ho, and Y. Cai. Sequence-pair-based placement and routing for flow-based microfluidic biochips. In *ASP-DAC*, 2016.

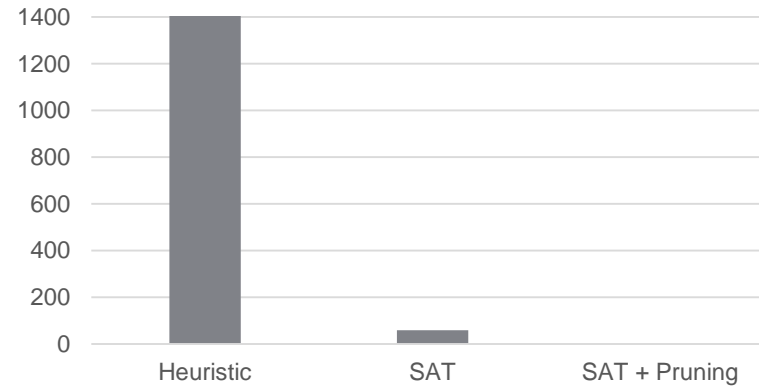
EVALUTATION – SMALL BENCHMARK



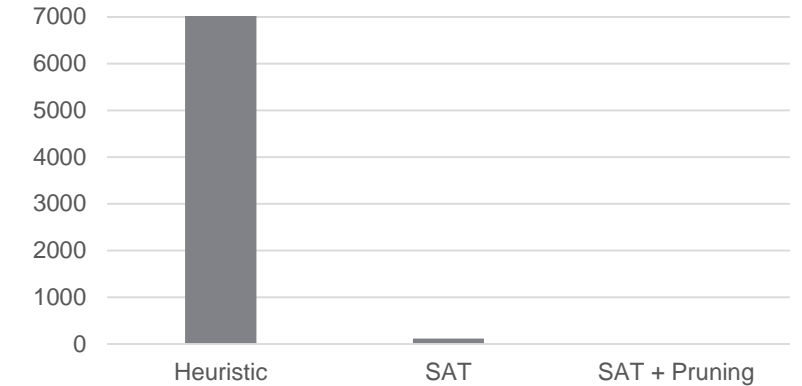
Channel Intersections



Channel Length

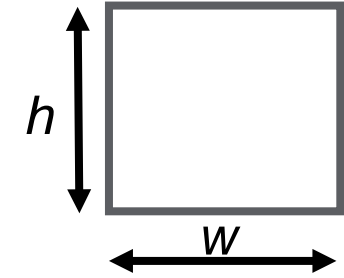
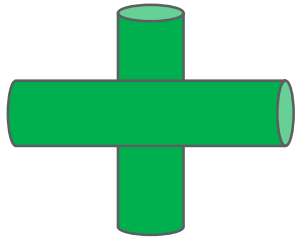


Grid Size

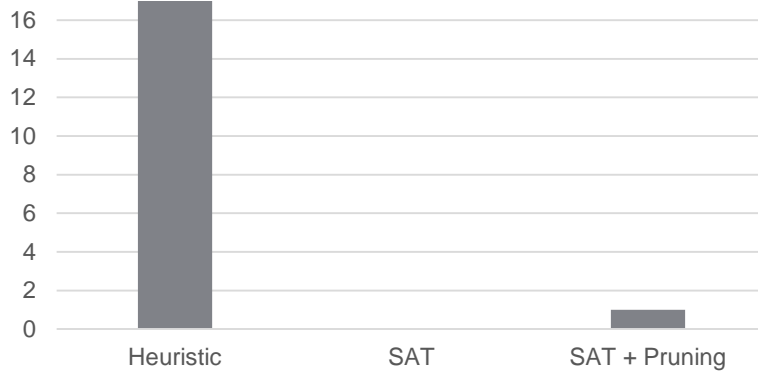


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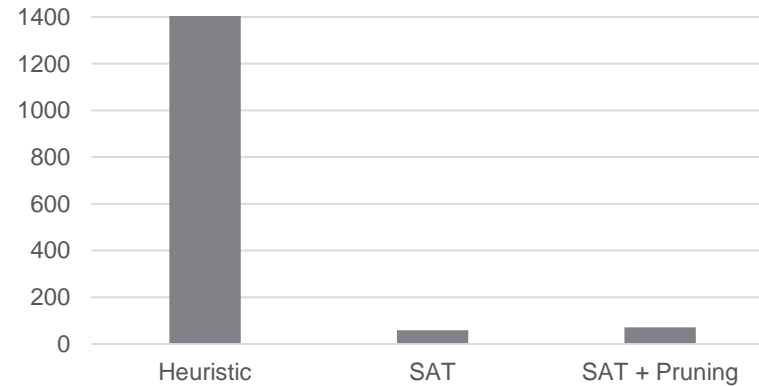
EVALUTATION - SMALL BENCHMARK



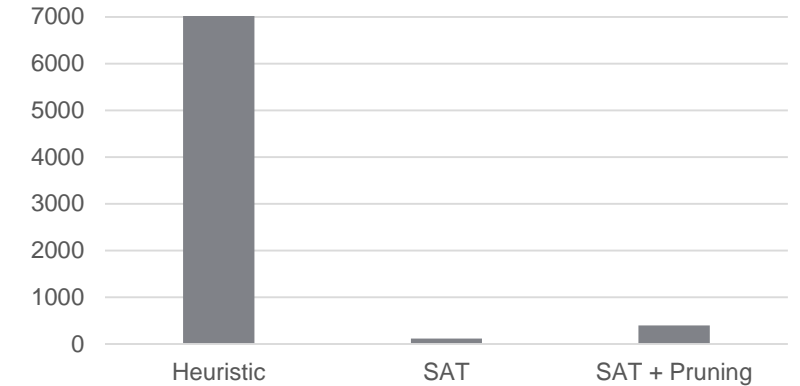
Channel Intersections



Channel Length

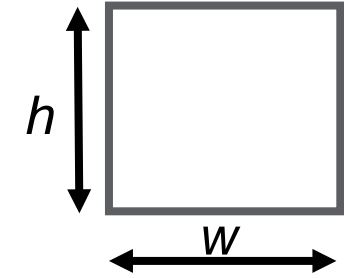
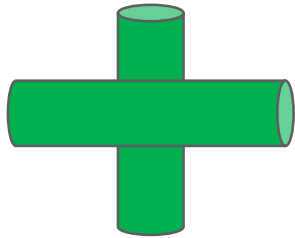


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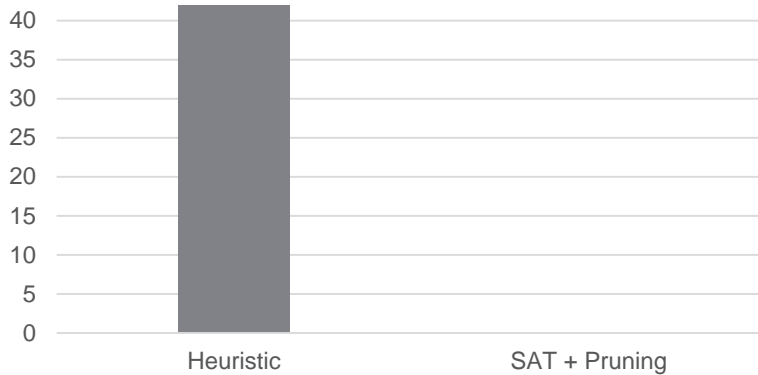


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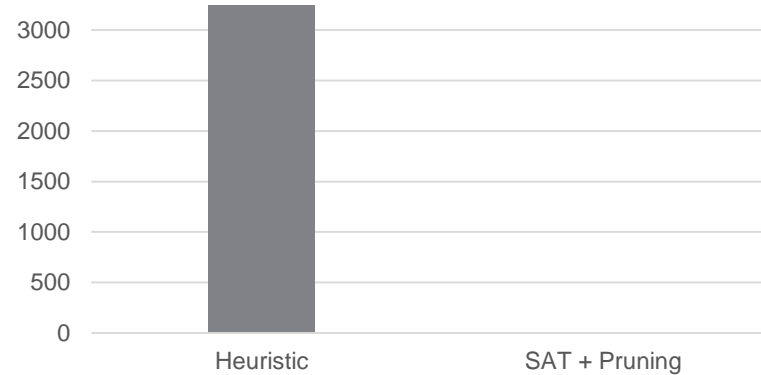
EVALUTATION - PROTEIN SPLIT



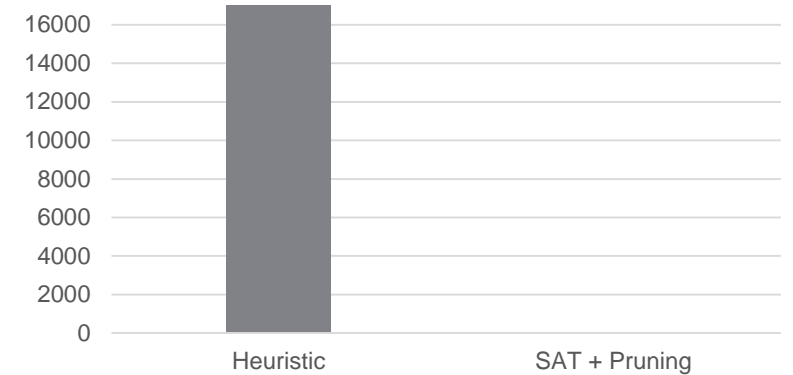
Channel Intersections



Channel Length

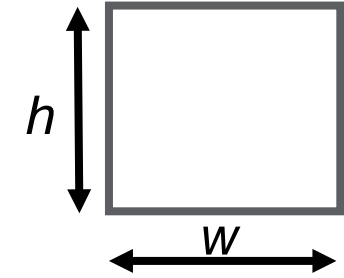
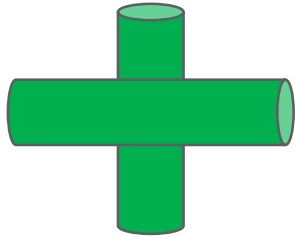


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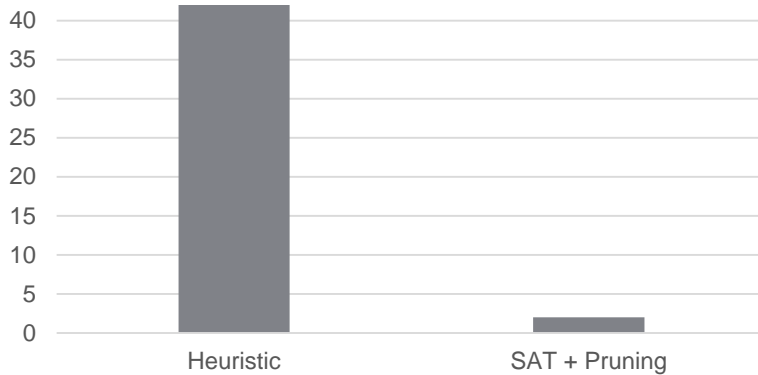


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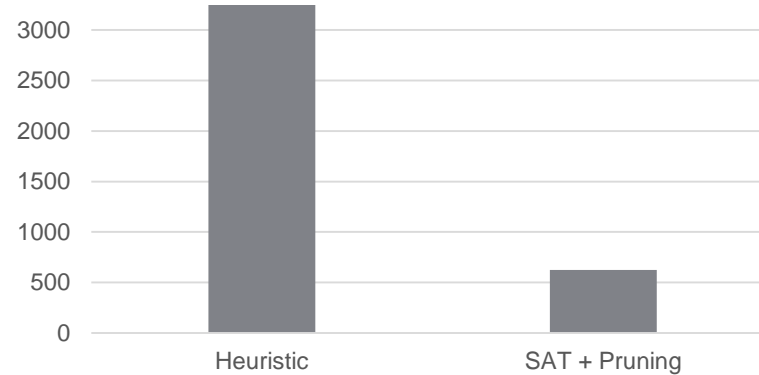
EVALUTATION - PROTEIN SPLIT



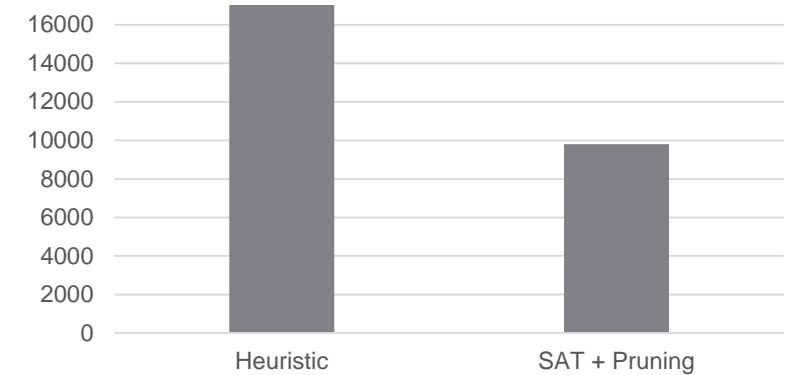
Channel Intersections



Channel Length



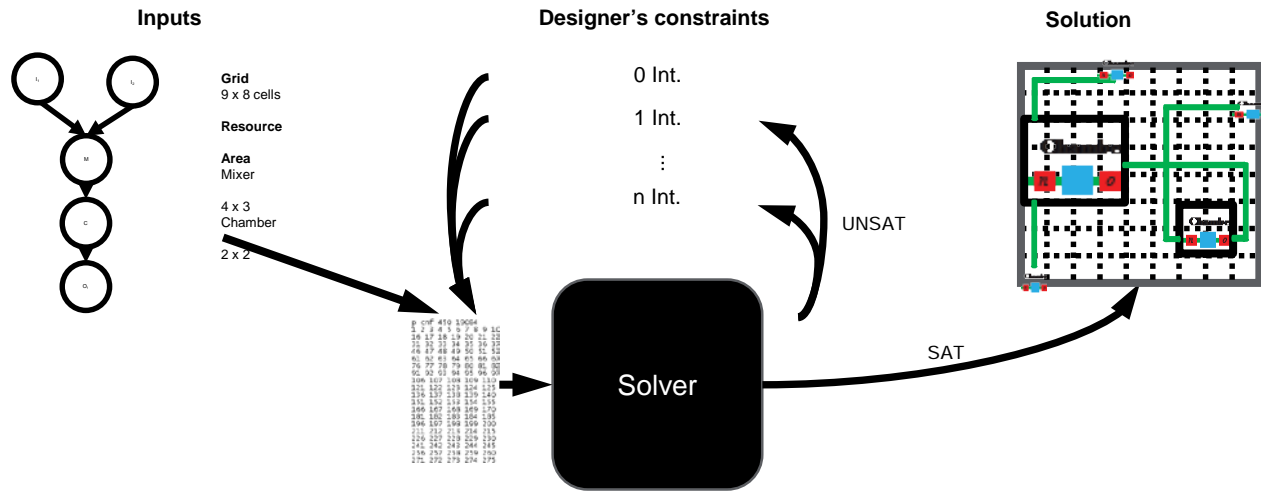
Grid Size



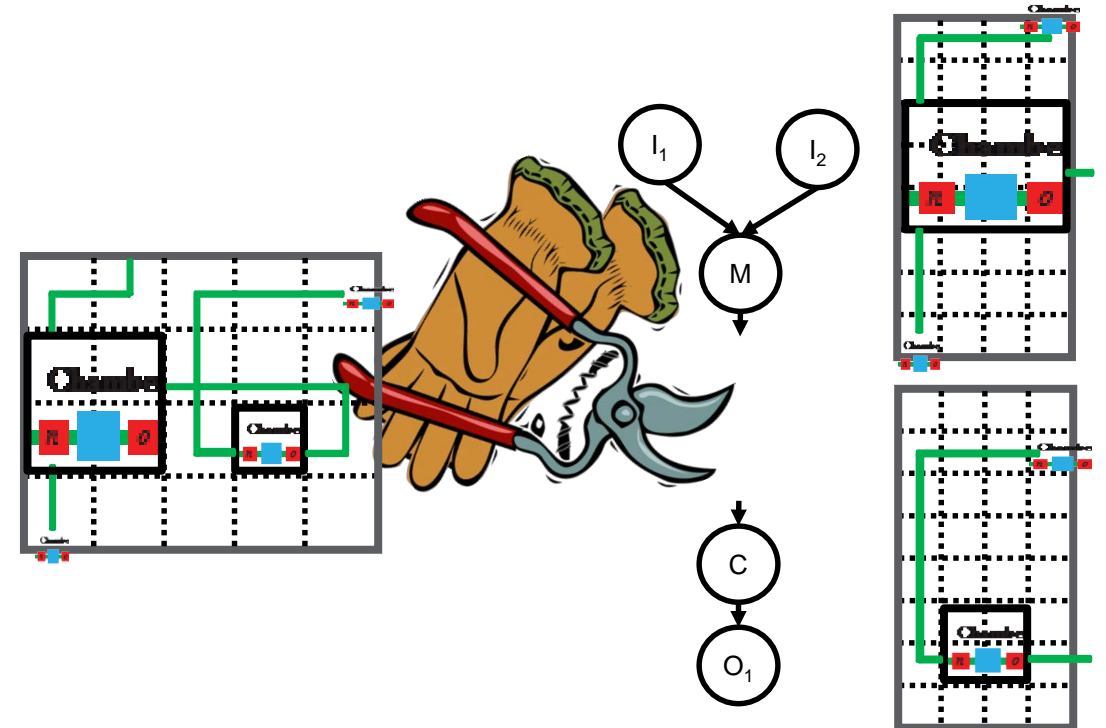
Heuristic: Q. Wang, Y. Ru, H. Yao, T.-Y. Ho, and Y. Cai. Sequence-pair-based placement and routing for flow-based microfluidic biochips. In *ASP-DAC*, 2016.

CONCLUSION

Satisfiability Solver



Search Space Pruning



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